



2024-25
NORTH COLONIE CENTRAL SCHOOLS

Code of Conduct





Dear North Colonie Students, Families, Faculty & Staff,

I am pleased to introduce you to North Colonie Central School District's newly amended Code of Conduct, which was adopted by the Board of Education on September 23, 2024. Here in North Colonie, we have high expectations for all individuals, and the guidelines outlined in this document help us hold all students, staff, and visitors accountable to those expectations. The safety of our students and staff is always our top priority and this document is a tool to help us ensure a safe and enjoyable school environment for everyone.

The Code of Conduct is guided by the district's commitment to our four pillars of academic excellence, social-emotional health, equity, and organizational health and well-being. In order to achieve those pillars, it is necessary to create a positive, respectful, and supportive learning environment not only for our students, but also for our faculty and staff members as they work to provide students with a high-quality and equitable education.

Abiding by these guidelines reinforces our commitment to one another.

I hope you will join me in reviewing the Code of Conduct as we use it as a guide throughout the school year. Together, let's make North Colonie a wonderful place to achieve and grow each and every day.

Sincerely,
Kathleen Skeals
North Colonie Superintendent



Introduction

The Purpose of Code of Conduct

The goal of the North Colonie Central School District Code of Conduct is to ensure that the right of all students to receive an education in a safe, civil, engaging and caring environment is met. For our schools to be safe and supportive environments, everyone within the school community must demonstrate and offer respect.

The code of conduct serves as a guide to engaged citizenship, promoting positive behavior and helping students understand expectations that are based on the principles of mutual respect, citizenship, character, acceptance, honesty and integrity. Students are expected to conduct themselves in an appropriate and civil manner, with proper regard for the rights and welfare of other students, school personnel and other members of the school community as well as for the care of school facilities and equipment.

The Board of Education recognizes the need to clearly define expectations for acceptable conduct and identify the possible responses to unacceptable conduct. Levels of behavior concerns, violations and responses, interventions and consequences are outlined in the code of conduct.

The code of conduct applies to all students while in North Colonie Central School District school buildings, on school grounds, in school vehicles, and at all school, school-related, and district-sponsored activities, including those held at locations off school property. It also applies at non-school events when behavior can negatively affect the educational process or endangers the health, safety, morals, or welfare of the school community.

The North Colonie Central School Code of Conduct ensures that students have equitable access to behavioral support and intervention and that race, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, or gender expression are not predictors of student achievement.

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We Believe...

All of our students will be treated in a fair, consistent, and non-discriminatory manner. We must ensure that all students have what they need for academic success. Supporting positive student behavior requires a high level of commitment from students, parents, guardians, staff, administrators, and members of the Board of Education. These stakeholder groups have rights and responsibilities designed to reflect the mutual respect and accountability required of all people involved in supporting student behavior. The rights and responsibilities of each group are outlined in the Rights and Responsibilities Section.

Equity is the main pillar of our work.

1. Eliminate the disparity in opportunities so as to ensure success for all students
2. Interrupt the reproductive practices that negatively impact diverse students
3. Cultivate the unique gifts of each student

All children are capable of achieving their personal best and can improve behavior with intentional guidance, instruction, support and coaching.

Students should not be asked, "What is wrong with you?"
They should instead be asked, "What has happened to you?"

Students need varying kinds and amounts of time, attention, and support to succeed academically and achieve at high levels. Students are more likely to make positive decisions when:

- They understand the positive behaviors that are expected of them
- They feel that staff members care about them and will help them learn and grow
- They feel respected
- All staff consistently use the same vocabulary and practices
- All staff provide positive feedback for appropriate behavior and best effort





Guiding Precepts



The North Colonie Central School District Code of Conduct is based on key precepts for ensuring that our schools are safe, healthy, and supportive environments.

All adults have an obligation to help students learn to be good citizens by:

- Helping kids learn right from wrong
- Fostering in them a desire to make good decisions
- Encouraging them to take responsibility for their actions and words
- Modeling behaviors that we want to cultivate

Policies and practices must be implemented respectfully. Adults are expected to protect the dignity of every student and ensure a tone of decency, compassion, and respect.



Improving educational outcomes for all students requires that schools provide support and that behavior support is directed at addressing academic learning gaps and the causes of misbehavior. Prevention and intervention strategies may include more personalized instruction, support, service, and programming to address personal and family circumstances and social-emotional learning. Examples of strategies include conflict resolution, peer mediation, anger management, behavior replacement strategies, circles, and other restorative interventions.



School personnel are responsible for developing and using strategies that promote learning and positive behavior in school and for addressing behaviors that disrupt learning. Administrators, teachers, counselors, social workers, psychologists, other school staff, and parents are expected to engage students in the intervention and prevention strategies that address behavioral issues.

Guiding Precepts: Restorative Practices

Student discipline, policies, and practices should be implemented in accountable and restorative ways. Students and families need to know that the school will provide interventions inside and outside the classroom that support a restorative, rather than punitive, response. Students have the opportunity to accept assigned consequences and fully participate in the interventions designed to address specific behaviors. These interventions require students to own the problem, reflect on the impact of their behavior on themselves and others, and understand why the behavior was unacceptable or inappropriate. It does not mean there are no other consequences to the behavior, but we know that administering consequences without re-teaching and reflection does little to change behavior in the long run.

We need to be aware that the person whose actions we are attempting to correct must be in a place where they admit they were wrong and they want to make amends or alter their behavior.

- What happened?
- What were you thinking about at the time?
- What have you been thinking about since?
- Who has been affected by what you have done?
- In what way have they been affected?
- What needs to be done to make things right with this teacher, student, or another person so you can access your education?

Restorative practices and the use of affective statements are practices on a continuum. These can lead to restorative justice for larger offenses that would usually involve long-term suspension or involvement with law enforcement.

Examples of Restorative Practices:

Affective Statements refer to the tone in which we speak to students to build relationships and show we care about the student. For example, "I liked the way you worked for the whole class period today" is more effective than "good job."

Classroom Circles can be used as a response to wrongdoing and as a vehicle for discussion while creating respect and classroom norms. These could be used from the beginning of the school year so that students understand how they work before significant issues need to be discussed.

Restorative Conference is a formal response to wrongdoing where the facilitator helps all parties explore what happened and who was affected. This can be done with a facilitator, teacher, and student after a disruption to the learning environment has occurred.

Restorative Reflection is an exercise in which students complete a writing assignment and go through the restorative questions and steps as they try to reflect on their actions and make a better plan for the future.

The district will support this by:

- Leading training opportunities for staff
- Providing resources for meeting the goals of the code of conduct
- Continuing to build community partnerships
- Engaging in creative thinking to support all students
- Creating Professional Development opportunities for school teams to collaborate
- Sharing data and reviewing other schools' implementation and practices

Guiding Precept: Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Belonging (DEIB)

We define equity as our commitment to ensuring that all students are able to fully access educational experiences and services in our schools — and understanding and eliminating necessary barriers to achieving this. It is doing everything it takes to ensure that all students feel valued, safe, and welcome. Equity is not giving all students the same experience; it is about giving each student what they need so that they can meet their potential and have full access to the opportunities that make up a North Colonie education.

This requires building authentic relationships with students and families and embracing the unique perspectives and contributions of all in our community.

Our commitment to diversity and equity will help guide how we create and implement student discipline policies and practices. This means working with parents, guardians, and caregivers as partners when addressing student behavior issues. It also means further developing our capacity as culturally responsive practitioners in and outside of the classroom.

Guiding Precept: Social Emotional Learning (SEL)

North Colonie is invested in supporting students in developing self-awareness and self-management skills essential to success in school and in life. This support is integrated into our daily interactions with students, promoting social awareness and interpersonal skills that establish and maintain positive relationships. North Colonie encourages all students to develop and demonstrate ethical decision-making skills and responsible behaviors in personal, school, and community contexts.

Recognizing other individuals' thoughts, feelings, and perspectives, including ideas and viewpoints that are different from one's own, and empathizing with others from diverse backgrounds is central to forming and maintaining responsive developmental relationships.

Guiding Precepts: Welcoming & Affirming Environments

Each North Colonie school is expected to create and sustain the conditions for a positive school climate and culture that provides students with support so that they can grow both academically and socially. Schools are expected to take a proactive role in nurturing students' prosocial behavior by providing a range of responsive, tiered behavioral supports as well as meaningful opportunities for social-emotional learning. Effective social-emotional learning helps students develop fundamental life skills.

Guiding Precepts: Student Engagement (Agency)

Engagement is integral to creating a positive school climate and culture that effectively fosters belongingness, academic achievement, and social-emotional growth. Providing students with ample opportunities to participate in a wide range of pro-social activities and develop a bond with caring, supportive adults positively influences behavior. A few examples include providing students with opportunities to share ideas, concerns, and participating in school-wide initiatives.

Guiding Precepts: Expectations, Dignity and Accountability

It takes the commitment and responsibility of all staff for the healthy development of students, including modeling the skills, behaviors, and mindsets that they seek to cultivate in students. All staff members are urged to set high expectations for student success, build positive relationships, treat students and families with dignity with students, and model how to behave successfully in school settings.



Rights and Responsibilities

All school community members must be responsible for promoting behavior that enhances academic and social success. Courteous, respectful, and responsible behavior fosters a positive climate and one that promotes learning.

Students

- Students learn best when adults serve as active, positive role models.
- Students learn best when they learn to celebrate differences.
- Students learn best when dignity and civility are modeled by all.
- Students learn best when expectations are clearly defined and consistently enforced.

All students are guaranteed the right to express opinions, support causes, organize and assemble to discuss issues, and demonstrate peacefully and responsibly in support of and in accordance with policies and procedures established by the North Colonie Central School District Board of Education.



Students have the **RIGHT** to:

- Be afforded a sound, quality education in a school environment that is safe, orderly, and promotes learning.
- Be respected as an individual treated fairly and with dignity by other students and school staff.
- Organize, promote, and participate in student activities and clubs as part of the formal education process or as authorized by the school principal.
- Provide representation on appropriate school-wide committees that influence the educational process as designated by school personnel.
- Participate and express opinions through the publication of school newspapers and newsletters with oversight from faculty advisors.
- Exercise freedom of inquiry and expression, written and oral, within appropriate limits under the law and provided that the rights of others are not diminished.
- Be protected from intimidation, harassment, or discrimination based on actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion or religious practice, sex, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, or disability by employees and students on school property or at any school-sponsored event, function or activity.

Students have the **RESPONSIBILITY** of:

- Owning and being active participants in their learning. They should attend school daily, arrive on time, and be prepared to learn.
- Being truthful and accountable for their words and actions. Respecting themselves and others in the class, on school grounds, on buses, and any school-related activity.
- Respecting the rights and feelings of fellow students, parents, school staff, visitors, and guests.
- Knowing and complying with school district rules and policies.
- Making an effort to correct and improve behavior through restorative interventions.
- Expressing thoughts and opinions in ways that are respectful.
- Respecting others' personal space.
- Participating in learning communities, including helping to regulate rules and procedures in the school, engaging in school-related activities, and fostering a culture of respect for learning and others.
- Seeking help and assistance when needed. Taking care of property that belongs to others or the school.
- Helping to make school a community that is free from violence, intimidation, bullying, harassment and discrimination.

Parents, Guardians and Caregivers

Parents, guardians, and caregivers have the right to be active participants in the learning process, to express views, and to provide input into decisions that affect their children. They are vital to the success of students in school and should have high expectations for their children. They are always welcome in our schools.



Parents, guardians and caregivers have the RIGHT to:

- Be actively involved in their children's education.
- Be treated courteously, fairly, and respectfully by all school staff.
- Receive timely information about policies and procedures that relate to their children.
- Receive regular reports from school staff regarding academic progress and behavior.
- Receive notification and information of inappropriate or disruptive behaviors by their children and disciplinary actions taken.
- Receive information about due process procedures for disciplinary matters concerning their children.
- Receive information about ways to improve their children's progress, including counseling, tutoring, after-school programs, academic programs, and mental health services.
- Receive information about services for students with disabilities and English language learners.
- Be contacted when their child is believed to have committed a crime or when police are called.
- Receive communication through provided translators.

Parents, guardians and caregivers have the RESPONSIBILITY of:

- Providing updated contact information to the North Colonie Central School District Student Registration Office and their child's school.
- Making sure that their children attend school regularly and on time.
- Letting school know when and why children are absent.
- Telling school officials about any concerns or complaints.
- Supporting their children by providing an environment suitable for learning and developing good study habits.
- Working with school staff to address any academic or behavioral problems their children may be facing.
- Talking with their children about behavior expectations.
- Teaching and modeling respect.
- Advocating for their children and taking an active role in the school community.
- Attending parent/teacher conferences and monitoring their children's grades and progress.
- Respect and be courteous to staff, other parents, guardians, caregivers, and students while on school premises or when participating in school-related events.
- Teaching children that all children have the right to attend school and be treated with respect and dignity regardless of race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender/gender identity, or sex.

Educators

(Teachers, Principals, Related Support Professionals & All Staff)

Educators (Teachers, Principals, Related Support Professionals & all staff) have the **RIGHT** to:

- Work in a safe and orderly environment.
- Be treated courteously, fairly, and respectfully by students, parents/guardians, and other school staff.
- Communicate concerns, suggestions, and complaints.
- Receive supportive professional development and training.
- Receive necessary resources and assistance.



Educators have the **RESPONSIBILITY** of:

- Fostering and nurturing so that students develop as learners both academically and socially.
- Recognizing that children should be subject to behavior management, support, and discipline policies appropriate to their ages and levels of understanding.
- Being respectful and courteous to students, parents, guardians, and caregivers.
- Serving as role models for students.
- Cooperating and scheduling conferences with students, parents, and others in an effort to understand and resolve academic and behavioral concerns.
- Making every effort to accommodate families whose work schedules, access to transportation, or distance from school limit their ability to meet or participate.
- Keeping parents informed of their student's progress, challenges, effort, and achievements.
- Encouraging students to participate in classroom, extracurricular, and other school-related activities.
- Knowing and enforcing rules, policies, and procedures consistently, fairly, and equitably.
- Confronting issues of discrimination and harassment in any situation that threatens the emotional, physical health, or safety of any student, employee, or person who is on school property or at a school function and reporting incidents of discrimination and harassment that are witnessed or otherwise brought to the attention of the teacher, counselor, administrator, staff member or to the dignity act coordinator.
- Ensuring that race, economics, and disability are never predictors of student achievement.

Principals

Principals have the additional RESPONSIBILITY of:

- Promoting a safe, supportive, and orderly school environment for all school community members, regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, or sex.
- Reviewing the code of conduct and procedures for reporting incidents with all staff at the beginning of the school year. Ensuring all staff participate in mandated yearly training such as The Dignity for All Students Act (DASA), school violence prevention, and mental health first aid.
- Maintaining confidentiality and respecting student and parent rights to privacy.
- Developing the capacity of staff, students, and families to intervene regarding behavioral concerns.
- Ensuring that race, economics, and disability are never predictors of student achievement.
- Communicating with educators, students, and parents/guardians interventions/consequences when applied using the code of conduct.

Superintendent

The Superintendent has the RESPONSIBILITY of:

- Promoting a safe, supportive, and orderly school environment for all school community members, regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, or sex.
- Reviewing the policies of the Board of Education and state/federal laws relating to school operations and management with all district administrators.
- Maintaining confidentiality and respecting students, families, and faculty & staff's rights to privacy.
- Working with district administrators to enforce the code of conduct and ensuring that all incidents are resolved promptly and that students are treated fairly and equitably.
- Addressing issues of discrimination, harassment, or any situation that threatens the emotional or physical health or safety of any student, employee, or person on school property or at a school function.
- Ensuring race, economics, language, gender identity, and disability do not predict student achievement.

Board of Education

Members of the Board of Education have the RESPONSIBILITY of:

- Promoting a safe, supportive, and orderly school environment for all school community members regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, or sex.
- Approving the North Colonie Central School District Code of Conduct annually.
- Addressing issues of discrimination, harassment, or any situation that threatens the emotional or physical health or safety of any student, school employee, or person who is lawfully on school property.
- Ensuring that policies promote and ensure equity.
- Maintaining confidentiality and respecting student and parent rights to privacy.

Visitors



Parents and other District residents are encouraged to visit the schools under the following conditions:

- Upon arrival, all visitors must report to the Main Office, present photo identification, and obtain a visitor's badge, which must be worn throughout the visit and returned upon departure.
- Visitors attending school functions that are open to the public and held outside regular school hours, such as PTO meetings, concerts, or public gatherings, are not required to register.
- Parents or residents who wish to observe a classroom while school is in session, must arrange such visits in advance with the classroom teacher(s), so that class disruption is minimal.

- Teachers are not expected to take class time to discuss individual matters with visitors.
- Any unauthorized person on school property will be reported to the principal or designee asked to leave, and the police may be called if the situation warrants it.
- All visitors are expected to abide by the Public Conduct on School Property rules contained in this Code of Conduct.

Public Conduct on School Property



All persons on school property or attending a school function shall conduct themselves respectfully and orderly.

Prohibited Conduct

No person, singly or in concert with others, shall:

- Enter any unauthorized areas of the school building or campus without proper authorization;
- Willfully cause or threaten physical injury to any other person who is behaving lawfully;
- Physically restrain, detain, or remove such a person;
- Willfully damage or destroy school property nor use or remove such property without permission;
- Enter any private school office without first obtaining permission;
- Without authorization, remain in any school building after it is normally closed;
- Refuse to leave any school building upon the request of a staff member; obstruct the free movement of persons or vehicles on school property;
- Refuse to follow traffic and parking procedures
- Disrupt classes or deliberately interfere with any person's freedom of speech;
- Possess any firearm or weapon on school property unless so authorized by the Superintendent; and/or
- Willfully incite others to commit any prohibited act.

Penalties and Procedures

Anyone who violates these rules shall be subject to the guidelines set forth in Appendix A, as well as the following penalties:

- Non-students/staff shall be subject to ejection;
- Students shall be subject to ejection pursuant to this Code of Conduct;
- Faculty members shall be subject to ejection, warning, reprimand, suspension, and other disciplinary actions given in the Education Law;
- Classified service staff members shall be subject to ejection and the disciplinary actions set forth in §75 of the Civil Service Law;
- Other staff members shall be subject to ejection, censure, suspension without pay, and dismissal;
- A person who refuses to leave school property when requested to do so may be subject to arrest.

Attendance



Students are expected to attend class daily as required by state law. Such attendance creates an environment that fosters subject competency, continuity of learning, and responsibility, which are all integral to the educational process. Active student participation is an integral part of the school curriculum. Students are required to attend classes every school day unless excused for a valid reason. Acceptable reasons for absences and/or tardiness are (As per District attendance policy):

1. Personal illness or injury
2. Death or emergency illness in the immediate family
3. Religious observance
4. Required court appearance
5. Medical and dental appointments
6. School sponsored events
7. College interviews and career development or exploration programs approved by the principal
8. Late arriving bus
9. Impassable roads or weather making travel unsafe
10. Music lessons
11. Driver's road test
12. Any other reason as authorized in the discretion of the building principal

Although days missed for the above reasons are considered excused absences, students must realize that their school work can suffer if they are out of class too often. Students and parents are responsible for keeping informed of makeup work for time missed in class, whether the absence is excused or unexcused.

Illness During the School Day

For health and safety reasons, a student who becomes ill or is injured during the school day must report to the school nurse. If the nurse believes the student is too ill to continue in school, the nurse will contact the parent or other designated adult to make appropriate arrangements for the student to get home.

If the nurse cannot reach the parent or designated adult, the student shall be offered the opportunity to remain in the nurse's office. If the student would prefer to return to class, the nurse will make a nursing assessment to determine whether the student can return. The Main Office will be notified so that the student will not be charged with unauthorized absences.

Return from Absences/ Additional Attendance Procedures

1. Students must attend all classes.
2. Students should notify a teacher if they will be out of the class for any reason (early dismissal, nurse's office, counseling office, main office, music lessons).
3. Students will remain in school all day unless granted early release at parental or legal guardian's request.
4. Students who are tardy to school will report to the appropriate office to check in, and must present an excuse signed by the parent or legal guardian.
5. Students who are tardy will report to the class and explain why they are tardy to the teacher. Tardiness to class is excused for:
 - Personal illness or injury as verified by the school nurse
 - Late buses
 - Counseling appointments
 - Nurse's office
 - Main office visit
 - Others, as deemed necessary by the principal
 - When reporting to class, students will have a pass verifying the reason for their tardiness. If warranted, the teacher will assume responsibility for discipline.



Early Dismissal

The student is required to bring a written statement clearly defining the reason for any early dismissal. This note will be given to the homeroom teacher, preferably the day before the appointment. When dismissed early, the parent or legal guardian is required to come to the main office and meet the student there. The parent or legal guardian is responsible for signing the child out at that time. No student is to leave the building without permission from an authorized school person.

Academic Integrity



As part of a school community, students and faculty are responsible for promoting academic integrity. This means that students are responsible for completing their own work. Assignments are designed to develop skills and measure each student's progress. Students learn more and attain a feeling of accomplishment through their own hard work and initiative.

One aspect of academic integrity that is very important throughout a person's lifetime is acknowledging sources. Learning how to acknowledge sources begins in elementary school but is taught and refined over time through the middle school years to prepare students for high school and college. Among other things, this includes using quotation marks and footnotes and citing sources where appropriate.

Students should follow these rules of academic integrity:

- Do your own work.
- Don't let others use or copy classwork, homework, quizzes and tests. Others should not get credit for work that you have done.
- If you are helping someone, do not do the work for them.
- If you are working in a group, follow the teacher's directions on sharing work.
- Be truthful.
- If you are uncertain about the directions, ask the teacher for clarification.

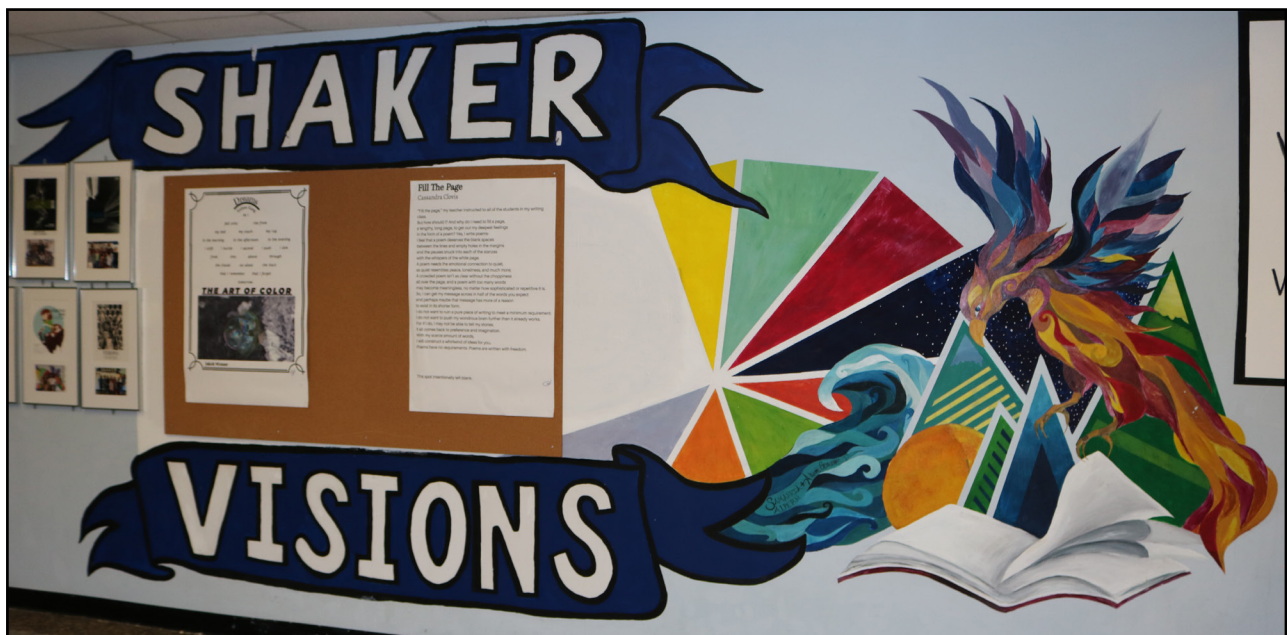
Students who fail to follow these rules will face disciplinary consequences.

Drug and Alcohol Abuse

The possession of drugs, drug paraphernalia, synthetic narcotics, non-prescribed medications, or alcohol or the consumption of drugs or alcohol during school hours or at any interscholastic or co-curricular event or other school-sponsored activity is strictly prohibited. No student may come to school or a co-curricular event or other school-sponsored activity, on or off campus, after the student has consumed alcohol or drugs or synthetic narcotics, non-prescribed medications, when in possession of drugs, synthetic narcotics, non-prescribed medications, drug paraphernalia or alcohol. The penalties for such conduct may include not only suspension but following suspension, exclusion from any and all co-curricular interscholastic or other school-sponsored activity.

Reimbursement for Damaged or Stolen Property

Students who damage or destroy school property shall reimburse the District for the cost of repairing or replacing the affected school property. Students who have stolen property shall reimburse the person from whom the item(s) were stolen.



Other Laws and District Policies



Smoking or Use, Possession, Sale or Distribution of Tobacco Products

The use or possession of tobacco products or accessories, e-cigarettes or vapor instruments and/or products and dab pens and/or cartridges of any kind by students in school buildings, on school property, or in vehicles owned or operated by the District or at school-sponsored events is prohibited. Violation of the Code of Conduct regarding tobacco use will result in parent notification, referral to the school counselor, and other disciplinary action and may include additional education on the risks and health effects of tobacco use.

Sweets Law – New York State Education Law, Section 915

“Prohibiting the sale of certain sweetened foods” provides as follows: “From the beginning of the school day until the end of the last scheduled meal period, no sweetened soda water, no chewing gum, no candy including hard candy, jellies, gums, marshmallow candies, fondant, licorice, spun candy and candy-coated popcorn, and no water ices except those which contain fruit or fruit juices, shall be sold in any public school within the state.” See District Policy 5661 Wellness.

State Law Prohibiting Bomb Threats

It is illegal for anyone to issue a bomb threat. As of December 1, 1999, the consequences for this crime have been increased from a Class A misdemeanor to a Class E felony (Chapter 561, Laws of 1999). Persons arrested for making bomb threats face felony prosecution, youthful offender, or juvenile delinquency adjudication, as well as a one-year suspension of one’s driver’s license. Related laws permit municipalities, fire Districts, and other emergency service providers to seek restitution for costs associated with their response to a bomb threat on school grounds. The amount may be up to \$10,000 in restitution to be paid by anyone convicted of reporting a false incident or bomb up to \$5,000 to be paid by the parent of a child who makes a false report.



Tiers of Behaviors and Responses

North Colonie Central School District understands the importance of restorative practices when student behavioral issues affect the safety of the classroom and school and interfere with the learning of all students. When choosing interventions and consequences for student behavior, teachers, administrators, and all staff must balance NCSD's goals of ensuring equity, minimizing disruptions, and maximizing student instructional time. Consequences paired with meaningful instruction and guidance (corrective feedback and re-teaching) offer students an opportunity to learn from their mistakes.



Restorative Practices are interventions designed to hold students accountable for harm while addressing the needs of students, staff, and the school community. Restorative practice is a way of thinking and responding to conflict and problems, including all participants. Collectively, they determine a logical and balanced resolution. Examples of restorative practices include family group counseling, classroom circles, reparation of harm, therapeutic/resource strategies (mental health treatment, anger management, and/or behavior coaching).

For information on Guiding Precept: Restorative Practices, see page 7.

School administration refers to this code of conduct when determining which disciplinary intervention and consequence to impose while ensuring the well-being of everyone involved. Practices that allow educators to address behavior concerns as opportunities for learning instead of punishment are far more successful in changing a student's behavior than imposing punitive measures. In determining how best to address inappropriate, unacceptable, and unskillful behaviors, it is necessary to evaluate all of the circumstances surrounding the behavior. There are many factors that must be considered before determining consequences and interventions, including:

- The student's age and health
- The student's disciplinary record
- Appropriateness of student's academic placement
- Disciplinary consequences and interventions applied in response to prior behavior violations
- Nature, severity, and scope of the behavior
- The circumstances in which the conduct occurred
- Student's understanding of the impact of his or her behavior
- The seriousness of the behavior and the degree of harm caused
- Impact on overall school community
- The student's Individualized Education Plan (IEP), Behavioral Intervention Plan (BIP), and 504 Accommodation Plan, when applicable
- The student's response to intervention

Tiered Behavior Concerns and Resolutions

TIER 1

Tier 1 responses aim to teach and correct behavior and promote the practice of prosocial behaviors, self-discipline, and healthy well-being.

Teachers are encouraged to try a variety of teaching and classroom management strategies. These strategies are designed to prevent minor behavior issues from becoming major incidents. Classroom interventions and responses may include but are not limited to, private conversation with the student, student break, verbal correction, special seating, alternative activity, time and space for de-escalation, loss of privilege (e.g., cell phone restriction or removal), parent contact/conference, teacher detention, behavior plan, restorative practices, and request to involve the Student Support Team (SST).

TIER 2

TIER 2 behavior is more serious and often disrupts the classroom/school environment.

These behaviors may include a pattern of persistent Tier 1 behaviors. Interventions may involve school administration, the home school coordinator, counselor, grade-level colleague, etc., and the aim is to correct behavior by stressing the seriousness of the behavior while keeping the student in class/school. Responses might be similar to those in Tier 1 and, at times, are more intensive and stretch beyond the immediate situation. Interventions and responses may include but are

not limited to, additional counseling, verbal correction, time and space for de-escalation, special seating, parent contact/ conference, loss of privilege (e.g., cell phone restriction or removal), detention, behavior contract, restorative practices, referral to Student Support Team (SST), in-school suspension, exclusion from extra-curricular activities, referral to an outside community agency.

TIER 3

TIER 3 violations are more serious in nature and may jeopardize order, safety, and/or property damage.

These behaviors may include a pattern of persistent Tier 2 behaviors. Tier 3 interventions may involve short-term removal of a student from the environment depending on the severity of the behavior. The duration of a suspension is to be as limited as possible while still addressing the behavior. More intensive responses in Tier 3 may include, but are not limited to out-of-school suspension, temporary removal from class, loss of privilege (e.g., cell phone restriction or removal), restitution of property or repair of damage, informal meeting with school district personnel, campus or community service, and/or a family home visit and restorative practices.

TIER 4

TIER 4 behaviors threaten the safety and well-being of others.

These behaviors may include a pattern of persistent Tier 3 behaviors.

Response to Tier 4 behaviors may include removing the student from the classroom or school environment because of the seriousness of the behavior. The duration of removal should be as limited as possible while still addressing the behavior. Responses to Tier 4 include all Tier 3 and/ or more intensive responses, such as loss of privileges (e.g., cell phone restriction or removal), 5-day suspension with formal hearing, referral to appropriate law enforcement agency, counseling or drug treatment program and/or diversion, and restorative practices.

TIER 5

TIER 5 behaviors are the most extreme, often using force, causing harm or injury, involving violence, possession, or use of a weapon, causing substantial risk or a pattern of persistent Tier 4 behavior.

Responses to Tier 5 encompass all responses in Tier 4, including loss of privileges (e.g., cell phone restriction or removal), a 5-day suspension with a formal hearing, referral to an appropriate law enforcement agency, counseling or drug treatment program and/or diversion, and restorative practices.

Please note, when reviewing the table below, because of the subjectivity and nuanced elements of behavior and the context surrounding the behavior, administration will collaborate with key stakeholders regarding the nature of certain infractions, behaviors, etc., to determine the best course of action to foster accountability and mitigate harm.

Behavior	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5
Alcohol, Drugs, Tobacco (also electronic): Possession and/or being under the influence of..					
...any tobacco product, vaping device, or any other nicotine inhaler (for example, a JUUL device, an electronic cigarette, etc...).			√	√	
...any beverage containing alcohol.			√	√	
...marijuana, or any drug other than marijuana (including possession of paraphernalia).				√	√
Buying or selling marijuana or any other drug or drug paraphernalia.				√	√
Disruptive and Uncooperative Behaviors					
Wagering in any form that involves activities with monetary stakes on school grounds or at school-sponsored events.	√	√	√		
Behavior that disrupts instruction and the learning of other students in the classroom, as well as school culture and climate (e.g., being late to class, speaking out of turn, work refusal, inappropriate language, inappropriate contact, etc.).	√	√	√	√	
Lack of prompt, respectful compliance with clear and appropriate directions or requests of any school staff member, including teachers, support personnel, secretaries, custodians, and bus drivers.	√	√			
Taunting, baiting, inciting and/or encouraging a fight, a disruption, or other violation of school rules, including failure to disperse from a fight or disruption when directed by adults.		√	√	√	
Volatile Acts – Disorderly, violent, or threatening conduct of a serious nature that significantly disrupts school, a school-sponsored activity, or a school-supervised activity held off school premises.			√	√	√
<p>RESPONSE TIER 1 Teacher and/or staff Intervention RESPONSE TIER 2 Administrative Intervention RESPONSE TIER 3 Administrative Intervention-short term removal from the learning environment. RESPONSE TIER 4 Intensive Administrative Intervention and lengthier removal from learning environment RESPONSE TIER 5 Intensive District Administrative Intervention and Discipline with Potential Long-Term Removal from School, or alternate placement.</p>					

Behavior	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5
Disruptive and Uncooperative Behaviors					
Trespassing in unauthorized or unsupervised areas in the building. This includes, but is not limited to, entering the classroom or building before or after school.		√	√		
Being in the hallway without permission and not returning to class when directed by school staff.		√	√		
Circumventing school safety protocols, including opening secured exterior doors to permit access to another person.		√	√		
Any serious misconduct not otherwise addressed within this Plan that directly or indirectly jeopardizes the health, safety, or property of a school, the School District, school personnel, other students, one’s self, or other individuals who are present or acting within the school’s jurisdiction.			√	√	√
Attendance Issues					
Student absence without the knowledge of the parents.		√	√		
Leaving class or school grounds without permission or arriving late without permission.	√	√	√		
Failure to respect materials, property of others					
Failure to respect materials, property, and stealing from others (including, but not limited to, stealing and/or damage to cell phones, other electronic devices and credit cards/debit cards).		√	√	√	
Academic Integrity					
Cheating and plagiarism, individually or as part of a group.	√	√	√		
RESPONSE TIER 1 RESPONSE TIER 2 RESPONSE TIER 3 RESPONSE TIER 4 RESPONSE TIER 5	Teacher and/or staff Intervention Administrative Intervention Administrative Intervention-short term removal from the learning environment. Intensive Administrative Intervention and lengthier removal from learning environment Intensive District Administrative Intervention and Discipline with Potential Long-Term Removal from School, or alternate placement.				

Behavior	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5
Firearms/ Weapons					
Possession of a toy weapon where the toy weapon is used to threaten, intimidate, or harm another person or to cause a disruption.			√	√	
Possession of a weapon, other than a firearm or other gun.			√	√	
Possession of an actual, attempted, or threatened use of a weapon, including a firearm, or other weapons toward another person or to cause a disruption. Examples include, but are not limited to, BB guns, pellet guns, flare guns, and air rifles.					√
Forgery					
Writing the name of another person to be represented as a writing or original signature of that other person or altering any written record or document (such as dates, times, passes, and permits) without permission.	√	√			
Inappropriate Language or Expression					
Swearing, cursing, or making obscene gestures toward another student or staff member.	√	√	√	√	
Use of racial slurs or protected class references directed toward another student or staff member.		√	√		
Serious threats, including the use of social media, to threaten someone or to cause a disruption.			√	√	√
Inappropriate physical contact (non-sexual)					
Welcomed or unwelcomed touching, hitting, slapping, pushing, grabbing, tripping, shoving, kicking, spitting, or any other inappropriate physical act of aggression by one student directed at another student that does not rise to the level of excessive physical aggression (includes actions considered “play fighting”).			√		
<p>RESPONSE TIER 1 Teacher and/or staff Intervention</p> <p>RESPONSE TIER 2 Administrative Intervention</p> <p>RESPONSE TIER 3 Administrative Intervention-short term removal from the learning environment.</p> <p>RESPONSE TIER 4 Intensive Administrative Intervention and lengthier removal from learning environment</p> <p>RESPONSE TIER 5 Intensive District Administrative Intervention and Discipline with Potential Long-Term Removal from School, or alternate placement.</p>					

Behavior	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5
Inappropriate physical contact (non-sexual)					
<p>Excessive physical aggression (fighting or a physical attack against a student). Note: Self-defense is described as an action taken to restrain or block an attack by another person or to shield oneself from being hit by another person. Responsive action, such as hitting a person back, is not self-defense and may be considered excessive physical aggression. Note: When a student engages in 3 acts of excessive physical aggression, the student may be suspended pursuant to the behavior response levels in the Behavior Education Plan and may be placed in an alternative setting for 45 or 90 days not to exceed one semester.</p>			√	√	√
<p>Use of physical force, including the use of an object, directly against or affecting a staff member of the NCS D or any adult who is legitimately exercising authority at the school or during any school activity.</p>				√	√
<p>Provocation/Instigation - record information and/or disseminate information that instigate conflict or deteriorate a sound and safe educational environment.</p>		√	√	√	√
Inappropriate touching, exposure, and/or sexual contact					
<p>Inappropriate physical displays of affection, gesturing, sexting, etc.</p>	√	√	√		
<p>Non-consensual touching of a person's buttocks, breasts, genitals/ private areas.</p>			√	√	√
<p>Consensual Sexual Activity – engaging in sexual intercourse, physically displaying one’s buttocks, breasts, or genitals. Removing or adjusting the clothing of another person (including, for example, inappropriate removal of clothing) in a manner that causes, or was an attempt to cause, the exposure of the other person’s undergarments and/or buttocks, breasts, or genitals.</p>			√	√	√
<p>Engaging in non-consensual sexual intercourse, including oral sex.</p>					√
<p>RESPONSE TIER 1 Teacher and/or staff Intervention RESPONSE TIER 2 Administrative Intervention RESPONSE TIER 3 Administrative Intervention-short term removal from the learning environment. RESPONSE TIER 4 Intensive Administrative Intervention and lengthier removal from learning environment RESPONSE TIER 5 Intensive District Administrative Intervention and Discipline with Potential Long-Term Removal from School, or alternate placement.</p>					

Behavior	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5
Inappropriate use of personal or district provided information technology or materials					
Use of personal cell phones or any non-educationally required device, electronic or otherwise, that detracts from and/or disrupts learning of oneself, or others is prohibited.	√	√	√	√	
Inappropriate use of district-provided information technology. See Policy 4550					
Recordings/images of another person (i.e. cell phone).		√	√	√	
Provocation/Instigation - record information and/or disseminate information from electronic and/or social media sources that instigate conflict or deteriorate a sound and safe educational Environment.		√	√	√	√
Making, transmitting, or distributing, including posting to the internet, any recording of physical contact, whether or not the participants considered it "play fighting" (via text, social media, etc.).	√	√	√		
Making, transmitting, or distributing any recording that has not been approved or authorized by the school of the voice or image of any other student, staff member or other person without the consent of the person(s) so recorded (via text, social media, etc.).		√	√		
Intentionally circumventing the management and content filtering that is applied to district provided devices.	√	√	√		
Sexual, explicit, obscene, or lewd materials					
Possessing pornographic material or observing pornographic material or partially nude state, regardless of consent.		√	√	√	√
Possessing, making, transmitting, or disclosing any image of any student, minor, staff member, parent, school volunteer, or other adult with supervisory authority in a nude state, regardless of consent.			√	√	√
<p>RESPONSE TIER 1 Teacher and/or staff Intervention</p> <p>RESPONSE TIER 2 Administrative Intervention</p> <p>RESPONSE TIER 3 Administrative Intervention-short term removal from the learning environment.</p> <p>RESPONSE TIER 4 Intensive Administrative Intervention and lengthier removal from learning environment</p> <p>RESPONSE TIER 5 Intensive District Administrative Intervention and Discipline with Potential Long-Term Removal from School, or alternate placement.</p>					

The Dignity for All Students Act

New York State's Dignity for All Students Act (the Dignity Act or DASA) took effect on July 1, 2012. Just as does the district's Code of Conduct, the new law seeks to provide the State's public elementary and secondary school students with a safe and supportive environment free from discrimination, intimidation, taunting, harassment, and bullying (including cyberbullying) on school property, school buses, and/or at school functions, as well as to foster civility in public schools. Consistent with the Dignity Act, the District prohibits acts of bullying (including cyberbullying), discrimination, and harassment against students by students and/or school employees on school property, on school buses, or at any school functions based on a student's actual or perceived race actual or perceived race (including traits associated with race such as hair texture and protective hairstyles), color,

weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), or sex. The Amendments of 2013 afford protections under DASA to include all forms of harassment of any kind.

Prevention is the District's cornerstone of addressing bullying and harassment. To implement this anti-bullying prevention program, the Board will designate individuals at each school at its annual organizational meeting to act as the Dignity for All Students Act Coordinators (Dignity Act Coordinator). These individuals shall be thoroughly trained to handle human relations in the areas of race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, sex or any other legally protected status.

Contact Information for North Colonie School Principals & Dignity for All Act Coordinator

Dignity for All Act Coordinator:

Naté Turner-Hassell
Assistant Superintendent
for Educational Services
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518-785-8591

Blue Creek Elementary School:

Chris Turcio
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518-785-7451

Boght Hills Elementary School:

Hilary King
hilary.king@nccsk12.org
518-785-0222

Forts Ferry Elementary School:

Dr. Casey Parker
casey.parker@nccsk12.org
518-785-9203

Latham Ridge Elementary School:

Aaron Thiell
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518-785-3211

Loudonville Elementary School:

Scott Thompson
scott.thompson@nccsk12.org
518-434-1960

Southgate Elementary School:

Jerri Lynne Dedrick
jerrilynne.dedrick@nccsk12.org
518-785-6607

Shaker Middle School School:

Davis Chamberlain
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518-785-1341

Shaker High School:

Marcus Puccioni
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518-785-5511

Prohibition of Violence, Harassment, Hazing, Discrimination, Bullying and Retaliation

A primary goal of the School District is to provide an environment in which the worth and dignity of all persons is valued, accepted, and respected. To this end, the Board of Education has adopted a policy prohibiting bullying, harassment, hazing, and discrimination in the School District. Bullying (including cyberbullying), harassment, discrimination, and school violence on school grounds or at school functions are prohibited and will not be tolerated.

In addition, retaliation is prohibited. Retaliation is a separate and distinct violation of the Code of Conduct and occurs when any member of the school

community retaliates against any person who reports alleged bullying, harassment, or discrimination or against any person who testifies, assists, or participates in an investigation, proceeding or hearing relating to such conduct. It is possible that an alleged harasser may be found to have violated this anti-retaliation provision even if the underlying complaint of harassment is not found to be a violation of this Code of Conduct. Retaliation includes, but is not limited to, any form of intimidation, reprisal, or harassment and may be redressed through application of the same reporting, investigation, and enforcement procedures as for harassment.



Student Safety: Reporting Violence, Discrimination, Harassment, Hazing, Bullying and Cyberbullying

The school principal is the school employee charged with receiving all reports of harassment, bullying, and discrimination; however, students and parents may make an oral or written complaint of harassment, bullying, or discrimination to any teacher, administrator, or school employee. The District will act to promptly investigate all complaints, verbal or written, formal or informal, of allegations of discrimination, harassment, and bullying and will promptly take appropriate action to protect individuals from further discrimination, harassment, and bullying.

It is essential that any student who believes he/she has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, bullying, or retaliatory behavior, as well as any individual who is aware of and/or who has knowledge of or witnesses any possible occurrence, immediately report the same to any staff member or administrator. The staff member/administrator to whom the report is made (or the staff member/administrator who witnesses or suspects bullying/cyberbullying behavior) shall document and take appropriate action to address the immediacy of the situation and shall promptly report in accordance with the following paragraphs:

Upon receipt of a complaint (even an anonymous complaint), or if a District employee otherwise learns of any occurrence of possible conduct prohibited by this policy, the school employee shall promptly and orally notify the school principal no later than one school day after such school employee witnesses or receives the complaint or learns of such conduct. Such school employees

shall also file a written report with the principal no later than two days after making such an oral report.

After receipt of a complaint, the school principal shall lead or supervise a thorough investigation of the alleged harassing, bullying, and/or retaliatory conduct. The principal or the principal's designee shall ensure that such investigation is completed promptly and in accordance with the terms of District policy. All complaints shall be treated as confidential and private to the extent possible within legal constraints.

Based upon the results of this investigation, if the District determines that a District official, employee, volunteer, vendor, visitor, and/or student has violated the Code of Conduct or determines that a material incident of harassment, bullying, and/ discrimination has occurred, immediate corrective action will be taken as warranted. The District will take prompt action reasonably calculated to end the violation, eliminate any hostile environment, create a more positive school culture and climate, prevent recurrence of the behavior, and ensure the safety of the student or students against whom such violation was directed.

As a general rule, responses to acts of harassment, bullying, and/or discrimination against students by students shall incorporate a progressive model of student discipline that includes measured, balanced, and age-appropriate remedies and procedures that make appropriate use of prevention, education, intervention and discipline, and considers among other things,

the nature and severity of the offending student's behavior(s), the developmental age of the student, the previous disciplinary record of the student and other extenuating circumstances, and the impact the student's behaviors had on the individual(s) who was physically injured and/or emotionally harmed. Responses shall be reasonably calculated to end the harassment, bullying, and/or discrimination, prevent recurrence, and eliminate the hostile environment.

In the event that the principal is the alleged offender, the report will be directed to the Superintendent of Schools. All complaints of alleged harassing, bullying, and/or retaliatory conduct shall be:

- Promptly investigated in accordance with the terms of District policy;
- Forwarded to the school building's Dignity Act Coordinator for monitoring and
- Treated as confidential and private to the extent possible within legal constraints.

Parents shall be notified of their right to attend any meeting with their child to review a complaint. The school District provides a variety of prevention and intervention programs addressing the safety of students and school personnel, which are described in the District's policies and on the District website.

Violations will be subject to discipline under Section IV, G of this Code of Conduct. See Supportive Interventions and Progressive Consequences.

SAVE Act – (Safe Schools Against Violence in Education) Removal from Classroom

Under the SAVE Act, a teacher may remove a violent or disruptive student from class when the student's conduct poses a danger or is substantially disruptive or substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom. Such disruption occurs when a student demonstrates a persistent unwillingness to comply with the teacher's instructions or repeatedly violates the teacher's classroom behavior rules. A classroom teacher may remove such a student from class. The removal from class applies to the class of the removing teacher only.

If a teacher determines that a student presents a danger or an ongoing threat of disruption to the academic process, a teacher may immediately remove a student from class. By the end of the school day, the teacher must notify the school principal and explain why the student was removed, and the student will be provided an opportunity to present his/her/their version of the events.

Within 24 hours of the removal, the principal or designee must notify the student's parents, in writing, that the student has been removed from class and why. The notice must inform the parent that he or she has the right, upon request, to meet informally with the principal or designee to discuss the reasons for the removal. Where possible, notice should also be provided by telephone if the parent has provided a phone number for notification.

If the student denies the charges, the principal or designee shall provide an explanation of the basis for the removal and shall allow the student or parent an opportunity to explain the pupil's version of relevant events. The informal conference shall be held within 48 hours of the student's removal unless a later time is agreed to by the student or parent. The principal may require the teacher who ordered the removal to attend the informal conference if held during normal working hours.

The principal or designee shall not set aside the discipline imposed by the teacher unless a determination is made that the charges are not supported by substantial evi-

dence, or that the removal is a violation of law, or that the student's conduct warrants a suspension, which will be imposed. This determination must be made by the close of business on the day succeeding the 48-hour period for the informal conference (or such later informal conference date as may have been agreed to by the student or parent). No student removed from class by a teacher will be permitted to return to that class until this determination is made or the period of removal expires, whichever is less.

Any disruptive student removed from the classroom by the classroom teacher shall be offered continued educational programming and activities until he or she is permitted to return to the classroom.

Each teacher must keep a complete log for all cases of removal of students from his/her/their class. The principal must keep a log of all such removals. The log will be documented in the student information system.

Under certain circumstances, removing a student with a disability may constitute a change of placement. Accordingly, no teacher may remove such a student until he/she has verified with the principal or the chairperson of the Committee on Special Education that the removal will not violate the student's rights under state or federal law or regulation.

Under the federal Gun-Free School Act of 1994, a student found guilty of bringing a firearm onto school property will be subject to at least a one-year suspension from school. The terms "weapon or other hazardous instrument" used above include any firearm, pellet gun, BB gun, starter pistol, whether operable or inoperable, loaded or unloaded, knife, simulated weapon, dangerous chemical, noxious substance, explosive or any other object listed in District Policy 7360 which could be used as a weapon.

Suspended students may not attend classes or activities or enter any school property for the duration of the suspension. Suspended students may not attend

SAVE ACT – (SAFE SCHOOLS AGAINST VIOLENCE IN EDUCATION) REMOVAL FROM CLASSROOM



any off-campus activities involving teams or organizations under the auspices of the school district (athletic contests, musical performances, and the like) from the time the suspension is assessed until the suspension period has been completed, including any such activities held on weekend days. Violators will be subject to the penalties associated with trespassing.

When a suspension is assessed at the conclusion of a school week, the suspension period commences on the next regularly scheduled school day. Weekend extracurricular activities are subject to the restrictions of the suspension period, but do not count toward the total number of days in the suspension. When the suspension is over, a parent is expected to accompany the student to school for re-admission.

Students suspended from instruction shall be afforded their due process rights pursuant to sections 3214 and 310 of the Education Law

and section 100.2 of the Commissioner's Regulations. Students suspended from instruction for five days or less shall be given notice of the charged misconduct and may request an explanation of the basis for the suspension. The pupil or the pupil's parent may request an informal conference at which the pupil or parent may present the pupil's version of the event and ask questions of complaining witnesses. This notice and the opportunity for an informal conference shall take place prior to the suspension unless the pupil's presence poses a continuing danger or threat of disruption to the academic process.

No student may be suspended for more than five days, however, unless the student and his/her parents have had the opportunity for a fair hearing upon reasonable notice. At that hearing, the student and his/her parents have the right of representation by counsel, with the right to question witnesses against such a student and

to present witnesses and other evidence on their behalf.

Students and their parents may have decisions involving suspensions and other disciplinary matters successively considered by the Superintendent of Schools, the Board of Education, and the Commissioner of Education. Appeals from the principal's decision on suspension and other discipline must follow this progression of review, and such appeals cannot be made directly to the Commissioner of Education.

When a student of compulsory education age is suspended, the District must take immediate steps to provide alternate instruction. Students who are suspended from school shall not have their absences during the suspension counted against them in the attendance regulation unless they have been offered alternate instruction and have failed to attend such instruction.

Other Disciplinary Measures



Students with Disabilities

Students with disabilities must be disciplined under the legal requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). A suspension of more than ten days or a series of short-term suspensions, meeting certain criteria, would require the Committee on Special Education to meet and to make a determination whether the student's conduct is a manifestation of the student's disability. Further, the committee may also need to meet to determine whether the student's current placement is appropriate. A parent may review questions concerning this legal requirement by contacting the chairperson of the committee. When a student with a disability poses an immediate threat to the student's safety or the safety of others, the District may seek a court order to enjoin the student from attending school.

Referral to Police or Other Agencies

A student may be referred to the police or another appropriate agency for alleged breaches of the law. Such breaches may include, but are not limited to:

- use or possession of illegal drugs, synthetic narcotics, non-prescribed medications or related paraphernalia;
- use or possession of alcohol;
- use or possession of weapons (in violation of Policy 7360 and the Federal Gun-Free Schools Act);
- vandalism;
- theft of property or possession of stolen property;
- creating a disturbance or safety hazard (e.g., initiating or aiding in false alarms, bomb threats, or other threats of harm to school property, students, or staff; or possession of discharge or fireworks or a noxious substance);
- trespassing (e.g., entering school property while under suspension or before or after reasonable school hours);
- unauthorized access to academic or administrative records;
- any criminal conduct;
- sexting, and/or
- sexual exploitation such as voyeurism/"upskirting."

Dissemination and Review

The Board of Education will work to ensure that the community is aware of this Code of Conduct by:

- Providing copies of a plain-language summary of the code to all students at a general assembly held at the beginning of each school year;
- Mailing the Code of Conduct summary to all parents of District students before the beginning of the school year and making this summary available later upon request;
- Communicating to all students and parents at the beginning of the school year that the full Code is available online and in school offices;
- Providing all current teachers and other staff members with a copy of the Code (print or electronic) and a copy of any amendments to the Code as soon as practicable after adoption;
- Providing all new employees with a copy of the current Code of Conduct (print or electronic) when they are first hired;
- Making copies of the Code available for review by students, parents, and other community members; and
- Posting the complete Code of Conduct on the District's internet website, including any annual updates or amendments thereto.

The Board will periodically sponsor an in-service education program for all District staff members to ensure the effective implementation of the Code of Conduct to promote a safe and supportive school climate while discouraging, among other things, harassment, bullying, and discrimination against students by students and/or school employees and to include safe and supportive school climate concepts in the curriculum and classroom management. In-service education programs shall also include training on the social patterns of harassment, bullying, and discrimination, including but not limited to those acts based on a person's actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic

group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, sex, or any other protected status, the identification and mitigation of harassment, bullying, and discrimination, and strategies for effectively addressing problems of exclusion, bias, and aggression in educational settings. The Superintendent may solicit the recommendations of the District staff, particularly teachers and administrators, regarding in-service programs pertaining to the management and discipline of students.

The Board of Education will review this Code of Conduct every year and update it as necessary. In conducting the review, the board will consider how effective the code's provisions have been and whether the Code has been applied fairly and consistently.

The Board may appoint an advisory committee to assist in reviewing the code and the District's response to Code of Conduct violations. The committee will be made up of representatives of students, teachers, administrators, parent organizations, school safety personnel, and other school personnel.

Before adopting any revisions to the code, the board will hold at least one public hearing at which school personnel, parents, students, and any other interested party may participate.

The Code of Conduct and any amendments to it will be filed with the Commissioner no later than 30 days after adoption.

This Code of Conduct remains in effect until the North Colonie Central School District Board of Education revises it.

Definitions

Glossary of Terms

For the purpose of this Code of Conduct, the following definitions apply:

Academic Dishonesty: Plagiarism, copying another's work, altering records, and cheating by providing, receiving, or viewing answers to quiz or test items or independent assignments, using text, documents, notes, or notebooks during tests without permission from a staff member.

Arson: Starting a fire or destruction of property as a result of starting a fire.

Behavior Violations: Student behaviors that are inappropriate in school, unacceptable, or that warrant response, interventions and consequences.

Bomb Threat: The making of threats or providing false information, in writing, in person, on the phone, including text message or other means, about the presence of explosive materials or devices on school property, without cause.

Bullying: Repeated intentional acts done willfully, knowingly, and with deliberation by an individual(s) that targets and harms another person physically or emotionally. Bullying is characterized by an imbalance of power between two students.

Child Pornography: Sexually explicit images of children younger than 17 years of age.

Consequence: A result or response that follows an action.

Criminal Behavior: Any behavior that is considered a violation against municipal, state, or federal laws.

Cyber Bullying: Means "harassment" or "bullying," where such harassment or bullying occurs, and where such harassment or bullying occurs through any form of electronic communications.

Damage to Property: Damage, destruction or defacement of property belonging to the school or others

Dignity Act Coordinator: An employee designated by the board who ensures full compliance with the Dignity for All Students Act (DASA) and is trained to address issues in areas protected by the law. Dignity Act Coordinators manage documentation, processing, actions and interventions enforcing DASA.

Discrimination: Unjust or prejudicial treatment toward any student by a student(s) and/or employee(s) on school property or at a school function including, but not limited to, discrimination based on a person's actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, sex, or any other protected class.

Electronic Technology: Devices and equipment such as cell phones, computers, tablets.

Employee: Any person receiving compensation from a school district or employee of a contracted service provider or worker placed within the school under a public assistance program, pursuant to title nine-B of article five of the Social Services Law, and consistent with the provisions of such title for the provision of services to such district, its students or employees, directly or through contract, whereby such services performed by such person involve direct student contact.

Ethnic Group: A group of people who identify with each other through a common heritage including language, culture, and often a shared or common religion and/or ideology that stresses ancestry.

DEFINITIONS

Gender: Actual or perceived sex and includes a person's gender identity or expression.

Gender Expression: The way in which we express gender identity to others through behavior, clothing, hairstyle, activities, voice or mannerisms.

Gender Identity: The way in which people self-identify as being male or female. Gender identity is internal and not necessarily visible to others.

Harassment: The creation of a hostile environment by conduct or by verbal threats, intimidation or abuse that has or would interfere with a student's educational performance, opportunities or benefits or mental, emotional, or physical well-being or threats, intimidation or abuse that cause or would be expected to cause a student to fear for his or her physical safety.

Hazing: A specific form of harassment among students is defined as any humiliating or dangerous activity expected of a student to join a group or be accepted by a formal or informal group, regardless of the student's willingness to participate. Hazing includes but is not limited to, any activity that intimidates or threatens a student with ostracism or adversely affects the health or safety of the student or any activity that causes or requires the student to perform a task or act that is a violation of state or federal law of district policies/regulations.

Illegal Drug: A controlled substance (does not include a controlled substance legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed healthcare professional)

Inciting or Participating in a Disturbance: Causing a large disruption to the atmosphere of order and discipline in the school, which is necessary for learning (such as a riot).

Insubordination: The refusal by a student to follow a reasonable directive from any authorized school staff member.

Interventions: Specific programs, strategies, restorative practices, skill-building sessions, and individual and group counseling activities, among other things, enable students to reflect on behavior, attitudes, needs, and feelings; learn replacement behaviors and habits; work through personal obstacles; resolve conflict; and develop goals and plans to get back on track.

National Origin: A person's country of birth or ancestor's country of birth.

Parent: Biological, adoptive, foster parent, guardian, or person of record in parental relation to a student.

Persistent: Repeated over a period of days after interventions have been implemented and given ample time to be effective.

Physical Aggression: Behavior causing or threatening physical harm toward others including, but not limited to, hitting, kicking, biting, and shoving.

Physical Altercation Between Two or More Students: Physical aggression (use of physical force) that may or may not result in injury.

Physical Attack on Students: A student or students set upon another student in a forceful, hostile or aggressive way with or without provocation.

Race: Group of persons related by common descent or heredity.

Racial Harassment: A negative opinion or verbal expression toward an individual or group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (color of skin, eyes, hair and facial features genetically transmitted by descent and heredity) that distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind, based on these physical characteristics.

Reckless Endangerment: Conduct that creates a substantial risk of serious physical injury or death to another person.

Religion: Either religious or spiritual belief or preference.

Religious Practice: Attending worship services, praying, wearing religious garb or symbols, displaying religious objects, adhering to certain dietary rules, proselytizing or other forms of religious expression or refraining from certain activities.

Restorative Practices: An approach to resolving conflict and preventing harm. Restorative approaches enable those who have been harmed to convey the impact of the harm to those responsible and for those responsible to acknowledge this impact and take steps to make it right.

School Function: Any school-sponsored extracurricular event or activity. This includes any event occurring on or off school property, sanctioned or approved by the district, including, but not limited to, offsite athletic events, school dances, plays, musical productions, field trips, or other district-sponsored trips.

School Property: Outside grounds, all structures, and any space within any building, structure, athletic playing field, playground, parking lot, or land contained within the real property boundary line of a public elementary or secondary school.

Serious Bodily Injury: Bodily injury involves a substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted and obvious disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.

Sexual Orientation: Actual or perceived heterosexuality, homosexuality, or bisexuality.

Student with a Disability: Means a student with a disability as defined in section 4401(1) of the Education Law, who has not attained the age of 21 prior to September 1st and who is entitled to attend public schools pursuant to section 3202 of the Education Law and who, because of mental, physical or emotional reasons, has been identified as having a disability and who requires special services and programs approved by the department.

Tardiness: Arriving late to school or class.

Theft: Taking or attempting to take property of another person or institution without permission or knowledge of the owner, with the intent to deprive the owner of its use. Robbery includes obtaining or attempting to obtain money, goods, services or information from another by physical force or violence, coordinated violence or intimidation using a dangerous instrument or weapon. Theft, possession or transfer of stolen goods includes the act of possessing and transferring the property of another without the consent of the owner.

Threat Assessment: A process used to evaluate the risk posed by a student or another person, typically as a response to an actual or perceived threat concerning behavior.

Tiered Consequences and Interventions: There are five tiers of behaviors and possible responses. Tier 1 aims at responding with strategies in the classroom to teach and correct behaviors (such as unexcused tardies, caught in hall sweep etc.) The consequences intensify as the levels increase. For example, Tier 5 behaviors, ones that are dangerous behaviors and/ or create risk of injury, can result in more severe consequences such as suspension.

Trespassing: Being on school property without permission, including while suspended.

Using or Possessing: Consuming alcohol, drugs or inhalants or in possession of these substances on school property or at school functions.

Violent Student: Means an elementary or secondary student under the age of 21 who: commits an act of violence against any school employee; commits an act of violence on school property against any student or other person lawfully on school property; possesses, on school property, a gun, knife, incendiary bomb, or other dangerous instrument capable of causing physical injury or death; threatens, on school property, to use any instrument that appears capable of causing physical injury or death; knowingly and intentionally damages or destroys the personal property of any person lawfully on school property; or knowingly or intentionally damages or destroys District property.

Weapon: A firearm as defined in 18 USC 921 for purposes of the Gun-Free Schools Act. It also means any other gun, BB gun, pistol, revolver, shotgun, rifle, machine gun disguised gun, dagger, dirk, razor, stiletto, switchblade knife, gravity knife, brass knuckles, slingshot, metal knuckle knife, box cutter, cane sword, electronic dart gun, sandbag or sand club, loaded or blank cartridges, Kung Fu star, electronic stun gun, pepper spray or other noxious spray.



Appendices

APPENDIX A.

Public Conduct On School Property

The District is committed to providing an orderly, respectful environment conducive to learning. To create and maintain this kind of environment, it is necessary to regulate public conduct on school property and at school functions. For purposes of this section of the code, “public” shall mean all persons when on school property or attending a school function, including students, teachers, and District personnel.

The restrictions on public conduct on school property and at school functions contained in this code are not intended to limit freedom of speech or peaceful assembly. The District recognizes that free inquiry and free expression are indispensable to the objectives of the District. The purpose of this code is to maintain public order and prevent abuse of the rights of others. All persons on school property or attending a school function shall conduct themselves respectfully and orderly. In addition, all persons on school property or attending a school function are expected to be properly attired for the purpose they are on school property.

Prohibited Conduct on School Property

These rules govern the conduct of students, faculty and other staff, licensees, invitees, and all other persons, whether or not their presence is authorized, upon District property, and also upon or with respect to any other premises or property, under the control of the District and used in its teaching programs and activities, and in its administrative, cultural, recreational, athletic, other co-curricular program and activities. No person, either singly or in concert with others, shall:

1. Willfully cause physical injury to any other person, nor threaten to do so for the purpose of compelling or inducing such other person to refrain from any act which he/she has a lawful right to do, or to do any act which he/ she has a lawful right not to do so;
2. Physically restrain or detain any other person, nor remove such person from any place where he/she is authorized to remain;
3. Willfully damage or destroy property of the school or under its jurisdiction, nor remove or use such property without authorization;
4. Without permission, express or implied, enter into any private office of an administrative officer, member of the faculty or staff member;
5. Enter upon and remain in any building or facility for any purpose other than its authorized uses or in such manner as to obstruct its authorized use by others;
6. Without authorization, remain in any building or facility after it is normally closed;
7. Refuse to leave any building or facility after being required to do so by an authorized administrative officer, member of the faculty or staff;
8. Obstruct the free movement of persons and vehicles in any place to which these rules apply;
9. Deliberately disrupt or prevent the peaceful and orderly conduct of classes, lectures, and meetings or deliberately interfere with the freedom of any person to express his/ her views, including invited speakers;
10. Have in his/her possession upon any premises to which these rules apply any rifle, shotgun, pistol, revolver, or other firearm or weapon without the written authorization of the chief administrative officer (whether or not licensed to possess or carry the same); and/or
11. Willfully incite others to commit any prohibited acts with specific intent to procure them to do so.

Penalties and Procedures

A person who violates any of the provisions of these rules shall be subject to the following penalties and procedures:

1. If a licensee or invitee, his/her/their authorization to remain upon the grounds or other property shall be withdrawn, and he/ she/they shall be directed to leave the premises. In the event of failure to do so, he/she/they shall be subject to ejection.
2. If a trespasser or visitor without specific license or invitation, he/she/they shall be subject to ejection.
3. If he/she/they is a student, he/she shall be subject to disciplinary action as the facts of the case may warrant, including suspension, probation, loss of privileges, reprimand, or warning as prescribed by the Education Law, §3214 or school Code of Conduct, and he/she shall be subject to ejection.
4. If a faculty member, he/she shall be subject to ejection, warning, reprimand, suspension or other disciplinary action as prescribed by and in accordance with procedures of the Education Law.
5. If a staff member in the classified service of the civil service, described in §75 of the Civil Service Law, he/ she/they shall be guilty of misconduct, subject to the penalties and procedures prescribed in said section, and be subject to ejection.
6. If a staff member other than one described in subdivision 4 and 5, he/she/they shall be subject to dismissal, suspension without pay, or censure and be subject to ejection.

Enforcement Program

The Superintendent of Schools shall be responsible for enforcing these rules, and he/she/they shall designate the other personnel who are authorized to take action in accordance with such rules when required or appropriate to carry them into effect.

In the case of any apparent violation of these rules by such persons, which, in the judgment of the superintendent or his/ her designee, does not pose any immediate threat of injury to person or property, such officer may make reasonable effort to learn the cause of the conduct in question and to persuade those engaged therein to desist and to resort to permissible methods for the resolution of any issues which may be presented. In doing so, such officers shall warn such persons of the consequences of persistence in the prohibited conduct, including their ejection from any District properties where their continued presence and conduct is in violation of these rules.

In any case, where violation of these rules does not cease after such warning and in other cases of willful violation of such rules, the superintendent or his/her/their designee shall cause the violator to be ejected from any premises which he/she/they occupies in such violation and shall initiate disciplinary action as hereinbefore provided.

The superintendent or his/her/their designee may apply to the public authorities for any aid which he/she/they may request the Board of Education's Counsel to apply to any court of appropriate jurisdiction for any injunction to restrain the violation or threatened violation of such rules.

APPENDIX B.

Summary of Attendance Policy

All students are entitled to a sound basic education that will enable them to enjoy life and become effective citizens. This goal can best be achieved within public schools through regular class participation. This policy aims to encourage student commitment to, staff awareness of, and parental support for regular class attendance.

Strategies

The basic strategy of this policy is to recognize the relationship between participation in class activities and the mastery of course material. Students are expected to come to class prepared to discuss assigned material. Failure to attend class thwarts this objective and requires compensating or corrective actions, which should be based on valid data. Consequently, class attendance shall be recorded per state requirements and reported to parents* at the end of each marking period or more frequently if required by the school code of conduct.

Excused Absences

Tardiness or absence for the following reasons is excused: personal illness or injury, death or emergency illness in the immediate family, obligatory religious observance, required court appearance, medical and dental appointments, school-sponsored events, career development or explorations programs approved by the principal, late arriving bus, impassable roads or weather making travel unsafe, music lessons, or others as authorized by the principal. Tardiness or absence for any other reasons is unexcused. Students with an excused absence shall be given an opportunity to make up missed work.

Relationship between Attendance and Grade

In order to obtain the minimum passing grade for a course, students must demonstrate sufficient comprehension of the course material to justify promotion to a subsequent course of study. To obtain a higher grade, students must demonstrate by examination, class participation, and the completion of assigned work that they have sufficient mastery of course material to satisfy established departmental standards. Unexcused absences may also affect a student's grade.

Incentives, Sanctions and Notice

Each school is encouraged to recognize the impact of good attendance on student learning and to develop incentives that provide individual motivation to students and families. Students with unexcused absences shall be subject to the sanctions provided by school codes of conduct. Parents shall be notified by phone or by letter whenever their child is absent, tardy or departs early without a proper excuse.

Intervention Strategies

Additional actions shall be taken for students with severe attendance problems. These include referral to a student support or child study team, the provision of counseling service, and referral to a judge for court supervision (PINS petition.)

*The term "parent" includes guardians and others in an established parental relation with the student.

APPENDIX C.

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Regulations

The possession of illegal drugs, synthetic narcotics, dab pens or cartridges of any kind, non-prescribed medications, drug paraphernalia, or alcohol, or the consumption of illegal drugs, synthetic narcotics, non-prescribed medications, or alcohol during school hours or at any interscholastic and extracurricular events or other school-sponsored activity, or on school property, is strictly prohibited. This policy also prohibits a student from coming to school or an extra-curricular and interscholastic event or other school-sponsored activities, on or off campus, after the student has consumed alcohol or drugs, synthetic narcotics, nonprescribed medications, or is in possession of illegal drugs, synthetic narcotics, non prescribed medications, drug paraphernalia, or alcohol.

First Offense

A student who violates this policy for the first time may be suspended from school for five (5) days. When the suspension period is over, the student may not be readmitted to school unless accompanied by a parent.

Athletes who are on alternate credit for physical education shall have this privilege revoked immediately; "Athletic Handbook" sanctions shall also be in effect. When indicated, the student shall be referred to the Colonie Police, the Superintendent, or both.

When the student returns to school, he/she/they will be assigned to a Study Hall for all unscheduled periods for five (5) weeks. For the duration of the five (5) week period, the student shall not be permitted to attend any interscholastic, extracurricular, or school-sponsored activity. The student will not be allowed on school property during the period of his/her/their suspension, or he/she/they will be considered trespassing and will be subject to the associated civil/criminal penalties.

Moreover, the student must be a willing and active participant in at least three (3) counseling sessions with the school psychologist, student assistance

counselor, or guidance counselor. Alternatively, the student may seek counseling from a private counseling source. This process must have begun in order for the student to be eligible to practice/rehearse/ participate with a team or activity. Although the student will not be allowed to attend or participate in games, plays, events, etc., the student will be permitted to practice, try out, or rehearse, provided the student meets with the school psychologist, student assistance counselor, or guidance counselor at the designated times. Should the student fail to participate in such a counseling program, the student shall be removed from the team or activity for the remainder of the school year. The student's eligibility to return the following school year to active participation will be contingent upon completion of a counseling program.

Student-athletes who participate in any school-sponsored sport shall be referred to the building principals, who, in consultation with the Director of Athletics, will apply the sanctions as outlined in the Athletic Code of Conduct.

Second Offense

In case of a second drug or alcohol offense during the student's high school career, the student may be suspended for five (5) days. When the suspension period is over, the parent or guardian is expected to accompany the student to school for admission.

When the student returns to school, the student shall be assigned to a Study Hall for all unscheduled periods for the duration of the student's high school career. In addition, the student shall re-enter a counseling program (in-school or private). The student shall not be permitted to participate in or attend any co-curricular, interscholastic, or other school-sponsored activity for one (1) calendar year from the date of the second violation. The student shall also be prohibited from practicing or rehearsing during the calendar year period.

Third Offense and Subsequent Offenses

If a student is suspended for a third drug or alcohol offense, the student will be referred to the Superintendent of Schools for an exclusionary hearing to determine if the student's behavior poses a threat to the safety and well-being of that student or others. If, in the judgment of the Superintendent, the student is not to be excluded, the following sanctions shall be imposed:

The student may be suspended from school for a period of five (5) days. When the suspension

period is over, the student may not be readmitted to school unless accompanied by a parent. When the student returns to school, the student shall be assigned to a Study Hall for the duration of the student's high school career. The student shall also be strongly urged to seek more intense rehabilitative care; alternate placement may also be considered. In addition, the student shall not be permitted to participate in, practice, rehearse, or attend any extra-curricular, interscholastic, or other school-sponsored activity for the duration of the student's high school career.

APPENDIX D.

Penalties for the Use or Possession of Tobacco and/or Nicotine Products

In accordance with New York State law, the Board of Education recognizes the health hazards associated with smoking and the use of other tobacco products and, therefore, prohibits the use or possession of tobacco products or accessories, e-cigarettes, and vapor instruments and/or products, and dab pens and/or cartridges of any kind by students in school buildings, on school property and vehicles owned or operated by the District or at school-sponsored activities.

First Offense

A student on school property who is caught smoking a first time may be suspended out of school for a period of two (2) days or placed in an in-school suspension program. A student who is determined to be in the possession of tobacco products or accessories, e-cigarettes or vapor instruments and/or products, and dab pens and/or cartridges of any kind may be assigned two (2) extended detentions.

Second Offense

A student on school property who is caught smoking a second time may be suspended out-of-school for a period of four (4) days or placed in an in-school suspension program. A student who is determined to be in the possession of tobacco products or accessories, e-cigarettes, vapor instruments and/or products, and dab pens and/or cartridges of any kind for a second time may be assigned six (6) extended detentions.

Third Offense

A student on school property caught smoking/vaping a third time may be suspended out of school for four (4) days or in an in-school suspension program. A student who is determined to be in the possession of tobacco products or accessories, e-cigarettes or vapor instruments and/or products, and dab pens and/or cartridges of any kind for a third time may be placed in an in-school suspension program for three (3) days.

Fourth and Each Subsequent Offense

A student on school property who is caught smoking a fourth time and each subsequent time may be suspended out of school for a period of four (4) days or in an in-school suspension program. A student who is determined to be in the possession of tobacco products or accessories, e-cigarettes, vapor instruments and/or products, and dab pens and/or cartridges of any kind for the fourth time may be placed in an in-school suspension program.

APPENDIX E.

Building Computer Utilization

The Board of Education considers computers and computer-related technology to be valuable tools for education and encourages their use throughout the District.

The Board encourages computer use as an integral part of the curriculum where age and developmentally appropriate. This includes the use of computer programs, access to the internet, and communications with teachers and other students.

Student and staff use of school computers and related technology should support the District's educational program. The internet and other electronic research materials are available to students and staff solely to support our students' educational programs and professional development. Computer use—including internet access—is a privilege, not a right.

Computer utilization throughout the District shall be in accordance with Board of Education Policy, the regulations defined by board policy, and local, state, and federal laws.

Students and staff use school computers only for school-related purposes. Foreign or home software shall not be used on school computers until it has been scanned for viruses and approved for use by a supervising adult. Language used on the school network must be consistent with current community standards for public discourse in a school environment. All materials over the internet should be assumed to be copyrighted for citation purposes.

Any and all emails sent or received through the District's network shall be deemed not confidential and subject to random review. Any messages that are related to or in support of inappropriate or illegal activities shall be reported to supervisors, the District office, or legal authorities. The use of District e-mail is limited to that which supports the District's educational mission and official school business.

NORTH COLONIE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

91 Fiddlers Lane, Latham, NY 12110

Administration

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Naté Turner-Hassell,
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Cybil Howard,
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